

This As Built Final submission provides evidence of compliance with Part L of the Building Regulations, in accordance with Appendix A of AD L1A. It has been carried out by an Authorised SAP Assessor and can be accepted for Building Control purposes without further checking. The Assessor has confirmed any changes from the Design Submission with the builder.

Assessor Name Mr Martin Gill (OCDEA) Assessor Number 1756

Client

Date Last Modified 30/03/2009

Address 16 Willingham Way, Kingston Upon Thames, Surrey, KT1 3JA

No.	Check	Evidence		Produced by	OK?
1	Criterion 1 - Predicted carbon di	oxide emission	s from proposed dwelling does	s not exceed the	e target
1.1	TER (kg CO ₂ /m²/a)	Main Fuel Fuel Factor TER	= Mains gas = 1.00 = 23.14	Authorised SAP Assessor	N/A
1.2	DER for dwelling as built (kg CO ₂ /m²/a)	DER	= 20.09	Authorised SAP Assessor	N/A
1.3	Are emissions from dwelling as built less than or equal to the target?	DER 20.09 < TI	ER 23.14	Authorised SAP Assessor	Passed

2 Criterion 2 - The performance of the building fabric and the heating, hot water and fixed lighting systems should be no worse than the design limits

Fabric U-values

	re all the U-values better than the esign limits in Table 2?	9		Worst		Author Assess	ised SAP sor
	Element		Actual U-value	Acceptable U-value	Area weigh avg U-val		
Roofs	Roof 1		0.15	0.35	0.15	(0.25)	Passed
Floors	Floor 1		0.79	0.70	0.79	(0.25)	Failed
Walls	Wall 1		0.80	0.70	0.80	(0.35)	Failed
Openin	gs						
	kitchen	W 1	2.70	3.30	3.03	(2.20)	Failed
	master bed	W 2	2.70	3.30	3.03	(2.20)	Failed
	bed rear	W 3	2.70	3.30	3.03	(2.20)	Failed
	living room	W 4	2.70	3.30	3.03	(2.20)	Failed
	bath and T	W 5	2.70	3.30	3.03	(2.20)	Failed
	living room	W 6	2.70	3.30	3.03	(2.20)	Failed



Submission Reference Number:

NB-NES-00001756-09033023051200

SAP 0. Choire copyright 2005 URN: ED1029 V: 3

Plan Assessor V: 4.2.28

SAP Worksheet (Version - 9.81)

FS 25719

Page 1 of 5



Date Last Modified 30/03/2009

Mr Martin Gill (OCDEA) **Assessor Number** 1756 Assessor Name

No. Check	ence Produced by OK				
front door	D 7 3.90	3.30	3.03	(2.20)	Failed
hall	W 8 4.80	3.30	3.03	(2.20)	Failed

Common areas in building with multiple dwellings (where relevant)

If the common areas are un-heated, are all U-values better then the limits in Table 2? (if heated, use L-2A)

Schedule of U-values Builder's Submission

Heating and hot water systems

Does the efficiency of the heating system meet the minimum value set out in the Domestic Heating Compliance Guide?

Main heating system:

Authorised SAP Assessor

Efficiency = 78.60 %

SEDBUK database Performa

Minimum permitted = 86.00 %

Manufacturer description = N/A

Failed

Secondary heating: None

Does the insulation of the hot water cylinder meet the standards set out Guide?

Cylinder specification as output from SAP calculation

Authorised SAP

Assessor

in the Domestic Heating Compliance Cylinder: Volume = N/A litres

Do controls meet the minimum controls provision set out in the **Domestic Heating Compliance** Guide?

Space heating controls

Authorised SAP

Assessor

Programmer, room thermostat and TRV's

Passed

Hot water controls

Boiler interlock

Passed

Cylinder thermostat

Separate water control

Passed

Does the heating and hot water system meet the other minimum provisions in the Domestic Heating Compliance Guide

Schedule of compliance provisions

Builder's Submission (See schedule

below)

No solar water heating present

N/A



Submission Reference Number:

NB-NES-00001756-09033023051200

URN: ED1029 V: 3

Plan Assessor V: 4.2.28

FS 25719 Page 2 of 5 SAP Worksheet (Version - 9.81)



Date Last Modified 30/03/2009

Assessor Name Mr Martin Gill (OCDEA) Assessor Number 1756

No.	Check	Evidence	Produced by	OK?
Fixe	ed internal and external lighting			
2.7	Does fixed internal lighting comply with paragraphs 42 to 44?	Schedule of installed fixed internal lighting Standard fittings including non dedicated low E 10 Low energy lights (dedicated only) 0	Builder's Submission (See schedule below)	Failed
2.8	Does the external lighting comply with paragraph 45?	Schedule of installed fixed external lighting External lighting has not been assessed.	Builder's Submission (See schedule below)	NA

3 Criterion 3 - The dwelling has appropriate passive control measures to limit solar gains.

3.1 Does the dwelling have a strong tendency to high summertime temperatures?

Region: Thames

I hames

Thermal mass parameter: 6.00 Ventilation rate in hot weather = 4.00 ach

Cross ventilation possible: Yes

Window ventilation:

Curtains closed in daylight hours: No Fraction curtains closed: N/A

Blind/curtain type: N/A

Overheating risk - Not Significant

Authorised SAP **Passed** Assessor

4 Criterion 4 - the performance of the dwelling, as built, is consistent with the DER

4.1	Have the key features of the design been included (or bettered) in practice?		Authorised SAP Assessor
	a. Any wall U-values less than 0.28 W/m²K?	No	
	b. Any floor U-values less than 0.20 W/m²K?	No	
	c. Any roof U-values less than 0.15 W/m²K?	No	
	d. Any window or door U-values less than 1.8 W/m²K?	No	
	e. Thermal bridging less than the default value for accredited details (0.08)?	No	
	f. Design air permeability less than 7m²/(h.m²) at 50 Pa?	No	
	g. Main heating system efficiency more than 4% better than minimum?	No	
	h. Any low carbon or renewable energy technology?	Yes	



Submission Reference Number:

NB-NES-00001756-09033023051200

SAP

CCOMM copyright 2005

URN: ED1029 V: 3

Plan Assessor V: 4.2.28 SAP Worksheet (Version - 9.81)



Date Last Modified 30/03/2009

Assessor Name Mr Martin Gill (OCDEA) Assessor Number 1756

No.	Check	Evidence	Produced by OK?
	i. Is biofuel used for main heating?		No
	ii. CHP or community heating?		No
	iii. Heat pumps?		No
	iv. Solar panel?		No
	v. PV array?		Peak power $(kWp) = 3.87$
	vi. Wind turbines?		No
	vii. Special features?		Mechanical ventilation not present (natural)

4a	Fabric construction			
4.2	Have accredited details been adopted?	Schedule of details used and their reference codes	Builder's submission	
4.3	Have non-accredited details been used?	Evidence that details conform to standards set out in IP 1/06	Builder's submission	
4.4	Has satisfactory documentary evidence of site inspection checks been produced?	Completed pro-formas showing checklists have been completed	Builder's submission	
4.5	Design air permeability (m³/(h.m² at 50Pa)	Design air permeability = 7.28 As Built air permeability = 7.28 As Tested	Authorised SAP Passed Assessor	
4.6	Has evidence been provided that demonstrates that the <i>design air permeability</i> has been achieved satisfactorily (see paragraph 56)	Sample pressure test results in comparison to design value.	Builder's Submission (See schedule below)	

4b Commissioning heating and hot water systems

4.7	Evidence that the heating and hot water systems have been commissioned satisfatorily	Commissioning completion certificate	Builder's Submission (See schedule below)
-----	--	--------------------------------------	---

5 Criterion 5 - the necessary provisions for energy efficient operations of the dwelling are put in place

5.1	Has all the relevant information been	O&M instructions	Builder's submission
	provided?	Data for Energy Performance Certificate	

SAP = 90.92SAP Band = B



Submission Reference Number:

NB-NES-00001756-09033023051200

SAP URN: ED1029 V: 3

Plan Assessor V: 4.2.28



L1A 2006 Checklist: As Built - Final

Date Last Modified 30/03/2009

Assessor Number 1756

No. Check Evidence Produced by OK?

Schedule of supporting competencies

Mr Martin Gill (OCDEA)

Check no. Organisation providing evidence Telephone No Evidence of competency

2.6

2.7

2.8

4.6

4.7



Submission Reference Number:

NB-NES-00001756-09033023051200

SAP

C Chose copyright 2005

URN: ED1029 V: 3

Plan Assessor V: 4.2.28

FS 25719 Page 5 of 5 SAP Worksheet (Version - 9.81)



Key design features: As Built - Final

Authorised SAP

Assessor

This As Built Final submission provides evidence of compliance with Part L of the Building Regulations, in accordance with Key design features of ADL-1A. It has been carried out by an Authorised SAP Assessor and can be accepted for Building Control purposes without further checking. The Assessor has confirmed any changes from the Design Submission with the builder.

Assessor Name Mr Martin Gill (OCDEA) Assessor Number 1756

Client

Date Last Modified 30/03/2009

Address 16 Willingham Way, Kingston Upon Thames, Surrey, KT1 3JA

Important Design Features

Have the key features of the design been included (or bettered) in practice?

a. Any wall U-values less than 0.28 W/m2K?

No

b. Any floor U-values less than 0.20 W/m²K?

No

c. Any roof U-values less than 0.15 W/m²K?

No

d. Any window or door U-values less than 1.8 W/m2K?

No

e. Thermal bridging less than the default value for accredited details (0.08)? No

f. Design air permeability less than 7m²/(h.m²) at 50 Pa?

g. Main heating system efficiency more than 4% better than minimum? No

h. Any low carbon or renewable energy technology?

i. Is biofuel used for main heating?

ii. CHP or community heating?

iii. Heat pumps?

iv. Solar panel?

v. PV array? Peak power (kWp) = 3.87

vi. Wind turbines?Novii. Special features?No



Submission Reference Number:

NB-NES-00001756-09033023051200

SAP

URN: ED1029 V: 3

Plan Assessor V: 4.2.28

SAP Worksheet (Version - 9.81)



This As Built submission has been carried out by an Authorised SAP Assessor. The Assessor has confirmed any changes from the Design Submission with the builder.

Assessor Name Mr Martin Gill (OCDEA) Assessor Number 1756

Client

2. Ventilation rate

Date Last Modified 30/03/2009

Address 16 Willingham Way, Kingston Upon Thames, Surrey, KT1 3JA

1. Overall dwelling dimensions Area (m²) Average storey Volume height (m) (m^3) Ground Floor (1a) (1) 38.24 2.34 89.48 First Floor (2a)(2) 38.34 2.65 101.60 Total floor area (1a)+(2a)+(3a)+(4a)+(4b)+(4d)+(4f)+(4h) =76.58 191.08 Dwelling volume (6)(1)+(2)+(3)+(4)+(4c)+(4e)+(4g)+(4i) =

			m³ per hou	r
Number of chimneys	0	× 40 =	0	(7)
Number of open flues	0	× 20 =	0	(8)
Number of intermittent fans or passive vents	2	× 10 =	20	(9)

Number of flueless gas fires $0 \times 40 = 0$ (9a)

Infiltration due to chimneys, flues and fans = (7)+(8)+(9)+(9a)= 20 \div box (6)= 0.10 (10)

If a pressurisation test has been carried out, proceed to box(19)

If suspended wooden floor, enter 0.2 (unsealed) or 0.1 (sealed), else enter 0

N/A

(14)

If no draught lobby, enter 0.05, else enter 0 N/A (15)

Percentage of windows and doors draught stripped N/A (16)

Enter 100 in box (16) for new dwellings which are to comply with Building Regulations

Window infiltration $0.25 - [0.2 \times (16) \div 100] = N/A$ (17)

If based on air permeability value, then $[q_{50} \div 20] + (10)$ in box (19), otherwise (19) = (18)

Air permeability value applies if a pressurisation test has been done or the design air permeability is being used

Number of sides on which sheltered 1 (20)

(Enter 2 in box (20) for new dwellings where location is not shown)



FS 25719

Submission Reference Number:

NB-NES-00001756-09033023051200

SAP

URN: ED1029 V: 3 Plan Assessor V: 4.2.28

Air changes per hour



1756

Date Last Modified 30/03/2009

Mr Martin Gill (OCDEA) **Assessor Number Assessor Name**

Shelter factor 0.93 $1 - [0.075 \times (20)] =$ (21)

Adjusted infiltration rate 0.43 (22) $(19) \times (21) =$

Calculate effective air change rate for the applicable case

If balanced whole house mechanical ventilation system air throughput (ach) = N/A (22a)

If balanced with heat recovery efficiency in % allowing for in-use factor = N/A (22b)

 $(22) + (22a) \times [1 - (22b) / 100] =$ a) If balanced whole house mechanical ventilation with heat recovery N/A (23)

(22) + (22a) =b) If balanced whole house mechanical ventilation without heat recovery N/A (23a)

c) If whole house extract ventilation or positive input ventilation from outside N/A (23b)if (22) < 0.25, then (23b) = 0.5; otherwise (23b) = 0.25 + (22)

d) If natural ventilation or whole house positive input ventilation from loft

0.59 (24)if $(22) \ge 1$, then (24) = (22); otherwise $(24) = 0.5 + [(22)^2 \times 0.5]$

Effective air change rate - enter (23) or (23a) or (23b) or (24) in box (25)

3. Heat losses and heat loss parameter

ELEMENT	Area (m²)		U - value		AXU (W/K)	
Windows *	11.53	×	2.44	=	28.09	(27)
Doors	1.72	×	3.90	=	6.72	(26)
Windows *	1.27	×	4.03	=	5.10	(27)
Ground Floor	38.24	×	0.79	=	30.21	(28)
Walls	73.10	×	0.80	=	58.48	(29)
Roof	38.24	×	0.15	=	5.74	(30)
Total area of elements ΣA , m^2	164.10	(32)		•		

st for windows and rooflights, use effective window U-value calculated as given in paragraph 3.2

(33)Fabric heat loss, W/K (26)+(27)+(27a)+(27b)+(28)+(29)+(29a)+(30)+(30a)+(31) =134.34

Thermal bridges - Σ (lx Ψ) calculated using Appendix K

if details of thermal bridging are not known calculate $y \times (32)$ [see Appendix K] and enter in box (34)

158.96 (33)+(34) =(35)Total fabric heat loss

37.45 (36) $(25) \times 0.33 \times (6) =$ Ventilation heat loss

196.41

(35)+(36) =(37)Heat loss coefficient, W/K

 $(37) \div (5) =$ 2.56 (38)Heat loss parameter (HLP), W/m²K

4. Water heating energy requirement kWh/year

1801.22 Energy content of hot water used from Table 1 column (b) (39)

Distribution loss from Table 1 column (c) 317.86 (40)

If instantaneous water heating at point of use, enter "0" in boxes (40) to (45)

For community heating use Table 1 (c) whether or not hot water tank is present

Water storage loss:

a) If manufacturer's declared loss factor is known (kWh/day):

(41a)

Temperature factor from Table 2b N/A



Submission Reference Number:

NB-NES-00001756-09033023051200



(41)

N/A

0.59

24.62

(34)

(25)



DER Worksheet: As Built - Final

Date Last Modified 30/03/2009

Assessor Number 1756

Energy lost from water storage, kWh/year

 $(41)\times(41a)\times365 =$

N/A (42)

b) If manufacturer's declared cylinder loss factor is not known:

Cylinder volume (litres) including any solar storage within same cylinder

Mr Martin Gill (OCDEA)

N/A

If community heating and no tank in dwelling, enter 110 litres in box (43) Otherwise, if no stored hot water (this includes instantaneous combi boilers), enter '0' in box (43)

0.00 (44)

(43)

Hot water storage loss factor from Table 2 (kWh/litre/day)

If community heating and no tank in dwelling, use cylinder loss from Table 2 for 50 mm factory insulation in box (44)

0.00 (44a)

Temperature factor from Table 2b

Volume factor from Table 2a

0.00 (44b)

Energy lost from water storage, kWh/year

0.00 (45) $(43)\times(44)\times(44a)\times(44b)\times365 =$

Enter (42) or (45) in box (46)

0.00 (46)

If cylinder contains dedicated solar storage, box $(47) = (46) \times [(43) - (H11)] / (43)$, else (47) = (46)

0.00 (47)

Primary circuit loss from Table 3

Combi loss from Table 3a (enter "0" if no combi boiler)

(48)0.00

596.62

Solar DHW input calculated using Appendix H (enter "0" if no solar collector)

0.00 (50)

(49)

(39)+(40)+(47)+(48)+(49)-(50) =

2715.70 (51)

Output from water heater, kWh/year

 $0.25 \times [(39)+(49)]+0.8 \times [(40)+(47)+(48)] =$

853.75 (52)

Heat gains from water heating

include (47) in calculation of (52) only if cylinder is in the dwelling or hot water is from community heating

5. Internal gains

Watts

Lights, appliances, cooking and metabolic (Table 5)

463.24 (53)

Reduction of internal gains due to low energy lighting (calculated in Appendix L)

16.03 (53a)

Additional gains from Table 5a

 $(52) \div 8.76 =$

10.00 (53b)97.46 (54)

Total internal gains

(53) + (53b) + (54) - (53a) =

554.67

6. Solar gains

Water heating

	Access factor Table 6d		Area m²		Flux Table 6a		g Table 6b		FF Table 6c		Gains (W)	
West	0.77	×	7.67	×	48.00	x 0.9 x	0.76	×	0.70] =	135.67	(57)
East	0.77	×	3.86	×	48.00	x 0.9 x	0.76	×	0.70	=	68.36	(59)
East	0.77	×	1.27	×	48.00	x 0.9 x	0.85	×	0.40	=	14.33	(59)

Total solar gains:

Total gains, W

$$[(56) + \dots + (64)] = 218.36$$
 (65)

Note: for new dwellings where overshading is not known, the solar access factor is '0.77'

(55) + (65) =

773.03



Submission Reference Number:

NB-NES-00001756-09033023051200



Temperature adjustment from Table 4e, where appropriate

Temperature difference between zones (Table 9)

DER Worksheet: As Built - Final

Date Last Modified 30/03/2009

Mr Martin Gill (OCDEA) **Assessor Number** 1756 **Assessor Name**

Gain/loss ratio (GLR) $(66) \div (37) =$ 3.94 (67)

Utilisation factor (Table 7, using GLR in box (67)) 0.99 (68)

Useful gains, W 765.05 (69) $(66) \times (68) =$

7. Mean internal temperature ° C

Mean internal temperature of the living area (Table 8) 18.80 (70)

(71)

Adjustment for gains $\{[(69) \div (37)] - 4.0\} \times 0.2 \times R =$ -0.02(72)R is obtained from the 'responsiveness' column of Table 4a or Table 4d

18.78 (70) + (71) + (72) =(73)Adjusted living room temperature

Living area fraction (0 to 1.0) 0.20 living room area \div (5) = (75)

Rest-of-house fraction 1 - (75) =0.80 (76)

Mean internal temperature $(73) - [(74) \times (76)] =$ 17.45 (77)

8. Degree days 3.90 Temperature rise from gains $(69) \div (37) =$

Base temperature (77) - (78) =13.56 (79)

Degree-days, use box (79) and Table 10 (80)1682.58

9. Space heating requirements

Space heating requirement (useful), kWh/year $0.024 \times (80) \times (37) =$ 7931.47 (81)

For range cooker boilers where efficiency is obtained from the Boiler Efficiency Database or manufacturer's declared value, multiply the result in box (81) by (1 - Φ case/ Φ water) where Φ case is the heat emission from the case of the range cooker at fullload (in kW); and Φ water is the heat transferred to water at full load (in kW). Φ case and Φ water are obtained from the database record for the range cooker boiler or manufacturer's declared value.

9a. Energy requirements - individual heating systems, including micro-CHP

Note: when space and water heating is provided by community heating use the alternative worksheet 9b

Space heating:

Fraction of heat from secondary/supplementary system (use value from Table 11, Table 12a or Appendix F)

0.10 (82)

0.00

1.66

(74)

(78)

Efficiency of main heating system, %

78.60 (83)

(84)

(SEDBUK or from Table 4a or 4b, adjusted where appropriate by the amount shown in the 'efficiency adjustment' column of Table 4c)

Efficiency of secondary/supplementary heating system, % (use value from Table 4a or Appendix E) 100.00

Space heating fuel (main) requirement, kWh/year 9081.84

 $[1-(82)] \times (81) \times 100 \div (83) =$ (85)

793.15 Space heating fuel (secondary), kWh/year $(82) \times (81) \times 100 \div (84) =$ (85a)

Water heating:



Submission Reference Number:

NB-NES-00001756-09033023051200

URN: ED1029 V: 3 Plan Assessor V: 4.2.28



DER Worksheet: As Built - Final

Date Last Modified 30/03/2009

(87a)+(87b)+(87c)+(87d)+(87e)+(87f) =

Assessor Number 1756

Efficiency of water heater, %

(SEDBUK or from Table 4a or 4b, adjusted where appropriate by the amount shown in the 'efficiency adjustment' column of Table 4c)

Energy required for water heating, kWh/year

(51) × 100 ÷ (86) = 3455.09 (86a)

Electricity for pumps and fans:

each central heating pump, (Table 4f)

each boiler with a fan-assisted flue (Table 4f)

45.00 (87b)

warm air heating system fans (Table 4f)

mechanical ventilation -balanced, extract or positive input from outside (Table 4f)

0.00 (87c)

maintaining keep-hot facility for gas combi boiler (Table 4f)

pump for solar water heating (Table 4f)

0.00 (87e)

0.00 (87e)

Total electricity for the above equipment, kWh/year

Mr Martin Gill (OCDEA)

 $12a.\ Dwelling\ Carbon\ dioxide\ Emission\ Rate\ (DER)\ for\ individual\ heating\ systems\ (including\ micro-CHP)\ and\ community\ heating\ without\ CHP$

Individual heating system:		Energy kWh/year		nission factor g CO2/kWh		Emissions kgCO ₂ /year		
Space heating main from box (85)		9081.84	×	0.194	=	1761.88	(101)	
Space heating secondary from box (85a)		793.15	×	0.422	=	334.71	(102)	
Energy for water heating from box (86a)		3455.09	×	0.194	=	670.29	(103)	
Energy for water heating	(51) or $[(87b^*) \times 100 \div (104)] =$	= N/A	×	N/A	=	N/A	(106)	
Space and water heating		[(101) + (102) +	- (103)] o	r [(105) + (106	<mark>5</mark>)] =	2766.87	(107)	
Energy for water heating	(Type 1 fraction) \times (87*) \times 100 \div (104a)	N/A	×	N/A	=	N/A	(106a)	
Energy for water heating	(Type 2 fraction) \times (87*) \times 100 \div (104b)	N/A	×	0.000	=	N/A	(106b)	
Space and water heating		[(105a) + (106a)]) + (105b)	+ (106b)] =		2766.87	(107)	
Electricity for pumps and fans f	From box (87) or (88*)	175.00	×	0.422	=	73.85	(108)	
Energy for lighting from Appendix L		605.42	×	0.422	=	255.49	(109)	
Energy produced or saved in dwelling (Appendices M and N)								
PV energy produced or save	d (95) or	(95*) of SAP workshe	eet ×	0.57	=	1558.06	(110)	
Wind energy produced or sa	ved (95b1) or (95b1)	5b1*) of SAP workshe	eet ×	N/A	=	N/A	(110b)	
Micro-CHP energy produced	d or saved (95c1) or (95	5c1*) of SAP workshe	eet ×	N/A	=	N/A	(110c)	
Micro-CHP energy consume	ed (96) or ((96*) of SAP workshe	eet ×	N/A	=	0.00	(111)	



Submission Reference Number:

NB-NES-00001756-09033023051200



SAP Worksheet (Version - 9.81)

175.00



Date Last Modified 30/03/2009

Assessor Name Mr Martin Gill (OCDEA) Assessor Number 1756

(s1) or (s1*) of SAP worksheet Energy produced or saved in dwelling (Appendix Q) N/A 0.00 (s1a) (s2) or (s2*) of SAP worksheet Energy consumed by the technology (Appendix Q) N/A 0.00 (s2a) Total CO₂ kg/year (107) + (108) + (109) - (110) + (111) - (s1a) + (s2a)1538.15 (112)20.09 Dwelling Carbon dioxide Emission Rate (DER) $(112) \div (5)$ (113)EI rating 83 EI band В Space heating from CHP or recovered/geothermal heat, box (86*) N/A box (107*)= N/A N/A Space heating from boilers $(87*) \times 100 \div (109*) =$ N/A N/A Table 12 =-1.00 Electricity for pumps and fans, box (88*) N/A N/A Table 12 = N/A [(108*) + (110*) + ... + (114*)] =-1.00 Total PE associated with boilers, CHP or recovered/geothermal heat If negative, enter "0" in box (115*) 1695.18 Table 12 =605.42 2.80 Energy for lighting from Appendix L Energy produced or saved in dwelling (Appendix M) PV energy produced or saved 2.80 Table 12 = 7680.56 (95*) of SAP worksheet Wind energy produced or saved N/A N/A Table 12 =(95b1*) of SAP worksheet



Submission Reference Number:

NB-NES-00001756-09033023051200



This As Built submission has been carried out by an Authorised SAP Assessor. The Assessor has confirmed any changes from the Design Submission with the builder.

Assessor Name Mr Martin Gill (OCDEA) Assessor Number 1756

Client

Date Last Modified 30/03/2009

Address 16 Willingham Way, Kingston Upon Thames, Surrey, KT1 3JA

1. Overall dwelling dimensions Area (m²) Average storey Volume height (m) (m^3) Ground Floor (1a) (1) 38.24 2.34 89.48 First Floor (2a)(2) 38.34 2.65 101.60 76.58 Total floor area (1a)+(2a)+(3a)+(4a)+(4b)+(4d)+(4f)+(4h) =

Develling and home

If a pressurisation test has been carried out, proceed to box(19)

m³ ner hour

2. Ventilation rate

			m per nour		
Number of chimneys	0	× 40 =	0	(7)	
Number of open flues	0	× 20 =	0	(8)	
Number of intermittent fans or passive vents	2	× 10 =	20	(9)	
Number of flueless gas fires	0	× 40 =	0	(9a)	

Air changes per hour

0.10

N/A

N/A

 $0.25 - [0.2 \times (16) \div 100] =$

(10)

(13)

(15)

(17)

Infiltration due to chimneys, flues and fans = (7)+(8)+(9)+(9a) = 20 \div box (6) =

Number of storeys in the dwelling 2 (11)

Structural infiltration: 0.25 for steel or timber frame or 0.35 for masonry construction N/A

If suspended wooden floor, enter 0.2 (unsealed) or 0.1 (sealed), else enter 0 N/A (14)

If no draught lobby, enter 0.05, else enter 0

Percentage of windows and doors draught stripped N/A (16)

Enter 100 in box (16) for new dwellings which are to comply with Building Regulations

(10)((12)((13)(11)(13)(11)) = 1011

If based on air permeability value, then $[q_{50} \div 20] + (10)$ in box (19), otherwise (19) = (18)

Air permeability value applies if a pressurisation test has been done or the design air permeability is being used

The permeasure, same approach of a pressure as the second as the second

Number of sides on which sheltered 2 (20)

(Enter 2 in box (20) for new dwellings where location is not shown)



Window infiltration

Submission Reference Number:

NB-NES-00001756-09033023051200

SAP

URN: ED1029 V: 3 Plan Assessor V: 4.2.28



Date Last Modified 30/03/2009

Assessor Name Mr Martin Gill (OCDEA) Assessor Number 1756

Shelter factor $1 - [0.075 \times (20)] = 0.85$ (21)

Adjusted infiltration rate $(19) \times (21) = 0.51$ (22)

Calculate effective air change rate for the applicable case

If balanced whole house mechanical ventilation system air throughput (ach) = N/A (22a)

If balanced with heat recovery efficiency in % allowing for in-use factor = N/A (22b)

a) If balanced whole house mechanical ventilation with heat recovery $(22) + (22a) \times [1 - (22b) / 100] = N/A$ (23)

b) If balanced whole house mechanical ventilation without heat recovery (22) + (22a) = N/A (23a)

c) If whole house extract ventilation or positive input ventilation from outside

if (22) < 0.25, then (23b) = 0.5; otherwise (23b) = 0.25 + (22)N/A (23b)

d) If natural ventilation or whole house positive input ventilation from loft

if $(22) \ge 1$, then (24) = (22); otherwise $(24) = 0.5 + [(22)^2 \times 0.5]$ 0.63

Effective air change rate - enter (23) or (23a) or (23b) or (24) in box (25)

3. Heat losses and heat loss parameter

ELEMENT	Area (m²)			AXU (W/K)		
Doors	1.85	×	2.00	=	3.70	(26)
Windows *	17.29	×	1.85	=	32.03	(27)
Ground Floor	38.24	×	0.25	=	9.56	(28)
Walls	68.48	×	0.35	=	23.97	(29)
Roof	38.24	×	0.16	=	6.12	(30)
Total area of elements ΣA , m^2	164.10	(32)				='

^{*} for windows and rooflights, use effective window U-value calculated as given in paragraph 3.2

Fabric heat loss, W/K (26)+(27)+(27a)+(27b)+(28)+(29)+(29a)+(30)+(30a)+(31) = 75.37 (33)

Thermal bridges - Σ (lx Ψ) calculated using Appendix K 18.05 (34)

if details of thermal bridging are not known calculate $y \times (32)$ [see Appendix K] and enter in box (34)

Total fabric heat loss (33)+(34) = 93.42 (35)

Heat loss parameter (HLP), W/m^2K (38)

4. Water heating energy requirement

Energy content of hot water used from Table 1 column (b) 1801.22 (39)

Distribution loss from Table 1 column (c) 317.86

Distribution loss from Table 1 column (c)

If instantaneous water heating at point of use, enter "0" in boxes (40) to (45)

For community heating use Table 1 (c) whether or not hot water tank is present

Water storage loss:

a) If manufacturer's declared loss factor is known (kWh/day):

Temperature factor from Table 2b N/A (41a)



Submission Reference Number:

NB-NES-00001756-09033023051200



(40)

(41)

URN: ED1029 V: 3 Plan Assessor V: 4.2.28

0.63

(25)

kWh/year

N/A



TER Worksheet: As Built - Final

Date Last Modified 30/03/2009

Mr Martin Gill (OCDEA) **Assessor Number** 1756

Energy lost from water storage, kWh/year N/A (42) $(41)\times(41a)\times365 =$

b) If manufacturer's declared cylinder loss factor is not known:

Cylinder volume (litres) including any solar storage within same cylinder 150.00 (43)

If community heating and no tank in dwelling, enter 110 litres in box (43)

Otherwise, if no stored hot water (this includes instantaneous combi boilers), enter '0' in box (43)

0.02 (44)Hot water storage loss factor from Table 2 (kWh/litre/day)

If community heating and no tank in dwelling, use cylinder loss from Table 2 for 50 mm factory insulation in box (44)

Volume factor from Table 2a 0.93 (44a)

Temperature factor from Table 2b 0.54 (44b)

Energy lost from water storage, kWh/year 524.28 (45) $(43)\times(44)\times(44a)\times(44b)\times365 =$

524.28 Enter (42) or (45) in box (46) (46)

If cylinder contains dedicated solar storage, box $(47) = (46) \times [(43) - (H11)] / (43)$, else $(47) = (46) \times [(43) - (H11)] / (44)$ 610.00

Primary circuit loss from Table 3 (48)

Combi loss from Table 3a (enter "0" if no combi boiler) 0.00 (49)

Solar DHW input calculated using Appendix H (enter "0" if no solar collector) 0.00 (50)

3253.37 Output from water heater, kWh/year (39)+(40)+(47)+(48)+(49)-(50) =(51)1612.02 (52)

Heat gains from water heating $0.25 \times [(39)+(49)]+0.8 \times [(40)+(47)+(48)] =$ include (47) in calculation of (52) only if cylinder is in the dwelling or hot water is from community heating

5. Internal gains Watts

Lights, appliances, cooking and metabolic (Table 5) 463.24 (53)

15.38 Reduction of internal gains due to low energy lighting (calculated in Appendix L) (53a)

10.00 (53b)Additional gains from Table 5a

Water heating $(52) \div 8.76 =$ 184.02 (54)

(53) + (53b) + (54) - (53a) =Total internal gains 641.88 (55)

6. Solar gains

Access Flux FF Gains Area factor Table 6b m^2 Table 6a Table 6c (W)

Table 6d

West x 0.9 x 17.29 48.00 0.72 0.70289.95 (57)0.77

289.95 (65)Total solar gains: $[(56) + \dots + (64)]$

931.83 Total gains, W (55) + (65) =(66)

Note: for new dwellings where overshading is not known, the solar access factor is '0.77'

Gain/loss ratio (GLR) $(66) \div (37) =$ 6.99 (67)

0.92 Utilisation factor (Table 7, using GLR in box (67)) (68)



Submission Reference Number:

NB-NES-00001756-09033023051200

URN: ED1029 V: 3 Plan Assessor V: 4.2.28

524.28

(47)



TER Worksheet: As Built - Final

Date Last Modified 30/03/2009

Mr Martin Gill (OCDEA) **Assessor Number** 1756

Useful gains, W 860.84 (69) $(66) \times (68) =$ 7. Mean internal temperature $^{\circ}$ C Mean internal temperature of the living area (Table 8) 18.87 (70)0.00 Temperature adjustment from Table 4e, where appropriate (71)Adjustment for gains $\{[(69) \div (37)] - 4.0\} \times 0.2 \times R =$ 0.49 (72)R is obtained from the 'responsiveness' column of Table 4a or Table 4d 19.36 Adjusted living room temperature (70) + (71) + (72) =(73)1.53 Temperature difference between zones (Table 9) (74)0.20 Living area fraction (0 to 1.0) living room area \div (5) = (75)Rest-of-house fraction 1 - (75) =0.80 (76)18.13 Mean internal temperature $(73) - [(74) \times (76)] =$ (77)8. Degree days Temperature rise from gains $(69) \div (37) =$ 6.46 (78)(77) - (78) =Base temperature 11.68 Degree-days, use box (79) and Table 10 (80)1276.84 9. Space heating requirements 4084.27 (81)Space heating requirement (useful), kWh/year $0.024 \times (80) \times (37) =$

For range cooker boilers where efficiency is obtained from the Boiler Efficiency Database or manufacturer's declared value, multiply the result in box (81) by (1 - Φ case/ Φ water) where Φ case is the heat emission from the case of the range cooker at fullload (in kW); and Φ water is the heat transferred to water at full load (in kW). Φ case and Φ water are obtained from the database record for the range cooker boiler or manufacturer's declared value.

9a. Energy requirements - individual heating systems, including micro-CHP

Note: when space and water heating is provided by community heating use the alternative worksheet 9b

Space heating:

Fraction of heat from secondary/supplementary system (use value from Table 11, Table 12a or Appendix F)

0.10 (82)

Efficiency of main heating system, %

78.00 (83)

(SEDBUK or from Table 4a or 4b, adjusted where appropriate by the amount shown in the 'efficiency adjustment' column of Table 4c)

Efficiency of secondary/supplementary heating system, % (use value from Table 4a or Appendix E)

100.00 (84)

Space heating fuel (main) requirement, kWh/year

 $[1-(82)] \times (81) \times 100 \div (83) =$ 4712.62 (85)

Space heating fuel (secondary), kWh/year

408.43 $(82) \times (81) \times 100 \div (84) =$ (85a)

Water heating:

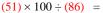
Efficiency of water heater, %

78.00 (86)

(SEDBUK or from Table 4a or 4b, adjusted where appropriate by the amount shown in the 'efficiency adjustment' column of Table 4c)

4170.98

Energy required for water heating, kWh/year







Submission Reference Number:

NB-NES-00001756-09033023051200



URN: ED1029 V: 3 Plan Assessor V: 4.2.28

SAP Worksheet (Version - 9.81)



Date Last Modified 30/03/2009

Assessor Name Mr Martin Gill (OCDEA) Assessor Number 1756

Electricity for pumps and fans: kWh/year 130.00 (87a) each central heating pump, (Table 4f) 45.00 each boiler with a fan-assisted flue (Table 4f) (87b)0.00 (87c) warm air heating system fans (Table 4f) (87d)mechanical ventilation -balanced, extract or positive input from outside (Table 4f) 0.00 0.00 (87e) maintaining keep-hot facility for gas combi boiler (Table 4f) (87f) pump for solar water heating (Table 4f) 0.00Total electricity for the above equipment, kWh/year (87a)+(87b)+(87c)+(87d)+(87e)+(87f) =175.00

12a. Carbon dioxide emissions rate for individual heating systems (including micro-CHP) and community heating without CHP

Individual heating system:	Energy kWh/year	Emission factor kg CO ₂ /kWh			Emissions kgCO ₂ /year	
Space heating main from box (85)	4712.62	×	0.194	=	914.25	(101)
Space heating secondary from box (85a)	408.43	×	0.422	=	172.36	(102)
Energy for water heating from box (86a)	4170.98	×	0.194	=	809.17	(103)
Energy for water heating (51) or $[(87b^*) \times 100 \div (100)]$	04)] = N/A	×	N/A	=	N/A	(106)
Space and water heating	[(101) + (102) +	(103)] o	r [(105) + (106	<u>(i)</u>] =	1895.77	(107)
Energy for water heating (Type 1 fraction) × $(87*) \times 100 \div (104a)$	= N/A	×	N/A	=	N/A	(106a)
Energy for water heating (Type 2 fraction) × $(87^*) \times 100 \div (104b)$	= N/A	×	0.000	=	N/A	(106b)
Space and water heating	[(105a) + (106a)	+ (105b)	+ (106b)] =		1895.77	(107)
Electricity for pumps and fans from box (87) or (88*)	175.00	×	0.422	=	73.85	(108)
Energy for lighting from Appendix L	581.05	×	0.422	=	245.20	(109)
Energy produced or saved in dwelling (Appendices M and						
PV energy produced or saved (9	95) or (95*) of SAP workshee	et ×	N/A	=	N/A	(110)
Wind energy produced or saved (95b1)	or (95b1*) of SAP workshee	et ×	N/A	=	N/A	(110b)
Micro-CHP energy produced or saved (95c1)	or (95c1*) of SAP workshee	et ×	N/A	=	N/A	(110c)
Micro-CHP energy consumed (9	6) or (96*) of SAP workshee	et ×	N/A	=	0.00	(111)
Energy produced or saved in dwelling (Appendix Q) (8	(s1) or (s1*) of SAP workshee	et ×	N/A	=	0.00	(s1a)
Energy consumed by the technology (Appendix Q) (s	(2) or (s2*) of SAP workshee	et ×	N/A	=	0.00	(s2a)
Total CO ₂ kg/year (107	7) + (108) + (109) - (110)	+ (111)	-(s1a) + (s2a)	=	2214.83	(112)
Carbon dioxide emissions rate			$(112) \div (5)$	=	28.92	(113)
EI rating					76	
EI band					С	



Submission Reference Number:

NB-NES-00001756-09033023051200



Date Last Modified 30/03/2009

Mr Martin Gill (OCDEA) 1756 **Assessor Number Assessor Name**

N/A Space heating from CHP or recovered/geothermal heat, box (86*) N/A box (107*)=N/A

Space heating from boilers $(87*) \times 100 \div (109*) =$ N/A N/A Table 12 = -1.00

Electricity for pumps and fans, box (88*) N/A N/A Table 12 =N/A [(108*) + (110*) + ... + (114*)] =-1.00

Total PE associated with boilers, CHP or recovered/geothermal heat If negative, enter "0" in box (115*)

Table 12 = 1626.93 Energy for lighting from Appendix L 581.05 2.80

Energy produced or saved in dwelling (Appendix M)

PV energy produced or saved N/A Table 12 = N/A (95*) of SAP worksheet

Wind energy produced or saved (95b1*) of SAP worksheet N/A Table 12 = N/A

14. Target carbon dioxide Emission Rate (TER)

Cl is the carbon dioxide emission s for internal fixed lighting

23.14 $TER = (Ch \ X \ fuel \ factor + Cl) \times (1 - improvement \ factor)$

Where

25.72 Ch is carbon dioxide emissions for heating and hot water (including pumps and fans)

Fuel Factor is taken from Table 1 1.00

0.20 Improvement Factor is 20 %



Submission Reference Number:

NB-NES-00001756-09033023051200

3.20